

Provisions in HGO Amendment to S.54 related to revenue and spending

Sec. 2. 7 VSA CHAPTER 31. CANNABIS

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§ 841. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD; DUTIES; MEMBERS

(c) Membership.

(1) The Board shall consist of five members who shall be appointed as follows:

(A) one member to serve as chair who shall be appointed by the Governor;

(B) one member who shall be appointed by the Senate Committee on Committees;

(C) one member who shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House;

(D) one member who shall be appointed by the Treasurer; and

(E) one member who shall be appointed by the Attorney General.

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(f) Executive Director. The Board shall appoint an Executive Director who shall be an attorney with experience in legislative or regulatory matters. The Director shall be a full-time State employee, shall be exempt from the State classified system, and shall serve at the pleasure of the Board. The Director shall be responsible for:

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(e) Salaries. The Chair and all members of the Board shall be full-time State employees and shall be exempt from the State classified system. The Chair shall receive compensation equal to two-thirds that of a Superior Court Judge and other members shall receive compensation equal to one-half that of a Superior Court Judge.

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§ 843. CANNABIS REGULATION FUND

(a) There is established the Cannabis Regulation Fund, which shall be managed in accordance with 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5. The Fund shall be maintained by the Cannabis Control Board.

(b) The Fund shall be composed of all application fees, annual license fees, renewal fees, advertising review fees, and civil penalties collected by the Board pursuant to chapter 33 of this title.

(c) Monies from the fund shall only be appropriated for the purposes of implementation, administration, and enforcement of this chapter and chapter 33 of this title.

§ 844. FEES

(a) The Board shall have the authority to charge and collect fees as provided by this chapter and chapter 33 of this title.

(b) Fees shall be deposited in the Cannabis Regulation Fund.

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Sec. 5. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD REPORT TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY; PROPOSAL FOR POSITIONS, FEES, AND APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEARS 2021 AND 2022; LAND USE, ENVIRONMENTAL, ENERGY, AND EFFICIENCY REQUIREMENTS OR STANDARDS; OUTREACH, TRAINING, AND EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS; ONLINE ORDERING AND DELIVERY; ADDITIONAL TYPES OF LICENSES

(a) On or before January 15, 2020, the Executive Director of the Cannabis Control Board shall provide recommendations to the General Assembly on the following:

(1) Resources necessary for implementation of this act for fiscal years 2021 and 2022, including positions and funding. The Board shall consider utilization of current expertise and resources within State government and cooperation with other State departments and agencies where there may be an overlap in duties.

(2) Fees to be charged and collected in accordance with the Board's authority pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 844. The recommendations shall be accompanied by information justifying the recommended rate as required by 32 V.S.A. § 605(d). The fees submitted in accordance with this subdivision are projected, at a minimum, to equal the cost of application and license fees for marijuana establishments in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts that are collected by the Cannabis Control Commission. The Board may recommend fees that are lower or higher provided they are designed to provide sufficient funding to meet the duties of the Cannabis Control Board as provided in 7 V.S.A. § 841(b).

(A) Application fees, initial annual license fees, and annual license renewal fees for each type of cannabis establishment license as provided in 7 V.S.A. § 910: cultivator, product manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, testing laboratory, and integrated. If the Board establishes tiers within a licensing category, it shall provide a fee recommendation for each tier.

(B) Fee for a cannabis establishment identification card as provided in 7 V.S.A. § 884.

(C) Fee for advertisement review for a cannabis establishment licensee as provided in 7 V.S.A. § 865.

(3) Whether monies expected to be generated by fees identified in subdivision (2) of this subsection are sufficient to support the statutory duties of the Board and whether any portion of

the tax established pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 7901 should be allocated to the Cannabis Regulation Fund to ensure these duties are met.

(4) Whether monies collected pursuant to a local option tax should be shared with municipalities that host a cannabis establishment that is not a licensed retailer or integrated licensee and, if so, a recommended formula for sharing the revenue.

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Sec. 6. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD; POSITIONS

The following new permanent positions are created in the Cannabis Control Board:

- (1) five full-time, exempt members of the Board;
- (2) one full-time, exempt Executive Director of the Board; and
- (3) one full-time, classified Administrative Assistant.

Sec. 6a. BUILDINGS AND GENERAL SERVICES; SPACE ALLOCATION

The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services shall allocate space for the Cannabis Control Board established in Sec. 2 of this act. This space shall be allocated on or before September 1, 2019.

Sec. 6b. APPROPRIATION

In fiscal year 2020, \$810,000.00 is appropriated from the Cannabis Regulation Fund to the Cannabis Control Board. This appropriation is made in anticipation of receipts in the Fund.

Sec. 6c. CONTINGENT CANNABIS REGULATION FUND DEFICIT

OFFSET

To the extent that the Cannabis Regulation Fund has a negative balance at the close of the fiscal year 2022, proceeds in that amount from the tax established 32 V.S.A. § 7901 in fiscal year 2023 shall be deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund.

Sec. 6d. AUDITOR OF ACCOUNTS REPORT

On or before November 15, 2023, the Auditor of Accounts shall report to the General Assembly regarding the organizational structure and membership of the Cannabis Control Board and whether the structure continues to be the most efficient for carrying out the statutory duties of the Board.

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Sec. 7. 7 VSA CHAPTER 33. CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENTS

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§ 864. ADVERTISING

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(e) All advertisements shall be submitted to the Board on a form or in a format prescribed by the Board, prior to the dissemination of the advertisement. The Board shall:

(1) require a specific disclosure be made in the advertisement in a clear and conspicuous manner if the Board determines that the advertisement would be false or misleading without such a disclosure; or

(2) make recommendations with respect to changes that are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare or consistent with dispensing information for the product under review.

(f) The Board may charge and collect fees for review of advertisements.

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§ 882. SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION OF LICENSES; CIVIL

PENALTIES

(a) The Board shall have the authority to suspend or revoke a cannabis establishment license for violations of this chapter in accordance with rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.

(b) The Board shall have authority to issue civil citations for violations of this chapter in accordance with rules adopted pursuant to this chapter. Any proposed rule under this section shall include the full, minimum, and waiver penalty amounts for each violation.

§ 883. CRIMINAL BACKGROUND RECORD CHECKS; APPLICANTS

(a) The Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of a license applicant's fingerprint-based Vermont criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

(b) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining whether an applicant should be denied a cannabis establishment license because of his or her criminal history record based on factors that demonstrate whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety or the proper functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offenses shall not automatically disqualify an applicant.

§ 884. CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENT IDENTIFICATION CARD

(a) Every owner, principal, and employee of a cannabis establishment shall obtain an identification card issued by the Board.

(b)(1) Prior to issuing the identification card, the Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of the person's Vermont fingerprint-based criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

(2) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining whether a person should be denied a cannabis establishment identification card because of his or her criminal history record based on factors that demonstrate whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety or the proper functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offenses shall not automatically disqualify an applicant.

(c) Once an identification card application has been submitted, a person may serve as an employee of a cannabis establishment pending the background check, provided the person is supervised in his or her duties by someone who is a cardholder. The Board shall issue a temporary permit to the person for this purpose, which shall expire upon the issuance of the identification card or disqualification of the person in accordance with this section.

(d) An identification card shall expire one year after its issuance or upon the expiration of the cannabis establishment's license, whichever occurs first.

§ 901. GENERAL PROVISIONS

* * *

(c) Applications for licenses and renewals shall be submitted on forms provided by the Board and shall be accompanied by the fees provided for in section 909 of this title.

(d)(1) There shall be six types of licenses available:

(A) a cultivator license;

(B) a wholesaler license;

(C) a product manufacturer license;

(D) a retailer license;

(E) a testing laboratory license; and

(F) integrated license.

(2)(A) The Board shall develop tiers for:

(i) cultivator licenses based on the plant canopy size of the cultivation operation or plant count for breeding stock.

(ii) retailer licenses.

(B) The Board may develop tiers for other types of licenses.

(3)(A) Except as provided in subdivision (3)(B) of this subsection (d), an applicant and its affiliates may obtain a maximum of one type of each type of license as provided in subdivision (d)(1)(A)–(E) of this title. Each license shall permit only one location of the establishment.

(B) An applicant and its affiliates that are a dispensary registered pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 may obtain one integrated license provided in subdivision (d)(1)(F) of this title or a maximum of one of each type of license provided in subdivision (d)(1)(A)–(E) of this title. An integrated licensee may not hold a separate cultivator, wholesaler, product manufacturer, retailer, or testing laboratory license. An integrated license shall permit only one location for each of the types of activities permitted by the license: cultivation, wholesale operations, product manufacturing, retail sales, and testing.

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§ 910. FEES

(a) The Board shall charge and collect license application fees, initial annual license fees, and annual license renewal fees for each type of cannabis establishment license under this chapter.

Fees shall be due and payable at the time of license application, annual license, or renewal.

(b) Fees shall be deposited in the Cannabis Regulation Fund.

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Sec. 8. IMPLEMENTATION OF LICENSING CANNABIS

ESTABLISHMENTS

(a)(1) The cannabis plant, cannabis product, and useable cannabis possession limits for a registered dispensary set forth in 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 shall no longer apply on and after September 1, 2020. A dispensary shall be permitted to cultivate cannabis and manufacture cannabis products for the purpose of transferring or selling them to an integrated licensee on or after January 15, 2021 and engaging in the activities permitted by 7 V.S.A. chapter 33.

(2) On or before January 15, 2021, the Board shall begin accepting applications for integrated licenses.

(3) On or before February 15, 2021, the Board shall begin issuing integrated licenses to qualified applicants. An integrated licensee may begin selling cannabis and cannabis products transferred or purchased from a dispensary immediately.

(b)(1) On or before January 15, 2021, the Board shall begin accepting applications for cultivator licenses. During this initial application period, the Board shall give priority to applications for small cultivator licenses. The initial application period shall remain open for 30 days. The Board may reopen the application process for any period of time at its discretion.

(2) On or before February 15, 2021, the Board shall begin issuing cultivator licenses to qualified applicants. Upon licensing, cultivators shall be permitted to sell cannabis to an integrated licensee and a dispensary licensed pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 prior to other types of cannabis establishment licensees beginning operations.

(c)(1) On or before February 15, 2021, the Board shall begin accepting applications for testing laboratory licenses. The initial application period shall remain open for 30 days. The Board may reopen the application process for any period of time at its discretion.

(2) On or before April 1, 2021, the Board shall begin issuing testing laboratory licenses to qualified applicants.

(d)(1) On or before April 1, 2021, the Board shall begin accepting applications for product manufacturer licenses and wholesaler licenses. The initial application period shall remain open for 30 days. The Board may reopen the application process for any period of time at its discretion.

(2) On or before May 15, 2021, the Board shall begin issuing product manufacturer and wholesaler licenses to qualified applicants.

(c)(1) On or before June 1, 2021, the Board shall begin accepting applications for retailer licenses. The initial application period shall remain open for 30 days. The Board may reopen the application process for any period of time at its discretion.

(2) On or before July 15, 2021, the Board shall begin issuing retailer licenses to qualified applicants and sales of cannabis and cannabis products by licensed retailers to the public shall be allowed immediately.

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* * * Creation of Excise and Local Option Tax * * *

Sec. 14. 32 V.S.A. chapter 207 is added to read:

CHAPTER 207. CANNABIS TAXES

§ 7900. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

- (1) “Cannabis” has the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 831.
- (2) “Cannabis cultivator” has the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 861.
- (3) “Cannabis product” has the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 831.
- (4) “Cannabis product manufacturer” has the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 831.
- (5) “Cannabis retailer” has the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 861.
- (6) “Cannabis wholesaler” has the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 861.
- (7) “Integrated licensee” has the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 861.
- (8) “Retail sale” or “sold at retail” means any sale, lease, or rental for any purpose other than for resale by a cannabis retailer or integrated licensee.
- (9) “Sales price” has the same meaning as in section 9701 of this title.

§ 7901. CANNABIS EXCISE TAX

- (a) There is imposed a cannabis excise tax equal to 16 percent of the sales price of each retail sale in this State of cannabis and cannabis products, including food or beverages.
- (b) The tax imposed by this section shall be paid by the purchaser to the retailer or integrated licensee. Each retailer or integrated licensee shall collect from the purchaser the full amount of the tax payable on each taxable sale.
- (c) The tax imposed by this section is separate from and in addition to the cannabis local option tax authorized under section 7902 of this title. The tax imposed by this section shall not be part of the sales price to which the cannabis local option tax applies. The cannabis excise tax shall be separately itemized from the cannabis local option tax on the receipt provided to the purchaser.
- (d) The following sales shall be exempt from the tax imposed under this section:
 - (1) sales under any circumstances in which the State is without power to impose the tax;

(2) sales made by any dispensary as authorized under 18 V.S.A. chapter 86, provided that the cannabis or cannabis product is sold only to registered qualifying patients directly or through their registered caregivers; and

(3) sales from a cannabis cultivator, cannabis product manufacturer, cannabis wholesaler, or integrated licensee to a cannabis product manufacturer, cannabis retailer, cannabis wholesaler, or integrated licensee.

§ 7902. CANNABIS LOCAL OPTION TAX

(a) Notwithstanding 24 V.S.A. § 138, any municipality may collect a cannabis local option tax of two percent of the sales price on each retail sale in the municipality of cannabis and cannabis products, including food and beverages.

(b) The cannabis local option tax may be adopted by a municipality that:

(1) does not currently prohibit the retail sale of cannabis and cannabis products within the municipality; and

(2) provided notice of the imposition and the amount to the Department of Taxes at least 90 days prior to the first day of the tax quarter when the cannabis local option tax will be collected.

(c) The tax imposed by this section shall be paid by the purchaser to the retailer or integrated licensee. Each retailer or integrated licensee shall collect from the purchaser the full amount of the tax payable on each taxable sale.

(d) The tax imposed by this section is separate from and in addition to the cannabis excise tax authorized under section 7901 of this title. The tax imposed by this section shall not be part of the sales price to which the cannabis excise tax applies. The cannabis local option tax shall be separately itemized from the cannabis excise tax on the receipt provided to the purchaser.

(e) The following sales shall be exempt from the tax imposed under this section:

(1) sales under any circumstances in which the State is without power to impose the tax;

(2) sales made by any dispensary as authorized under 18 V.S.A. chapter 86, provided that the cannabis or cannabis product is sold only to registered qualifying patients directly or through their registered caregivers; and

(3) sales from a cannabis cultivator, cannabis product manufacturer, cannabis wholesaler, or integrated licensee to a cannabis product manufacturer, cannabis retailer, cannabis wholesaler, or integrated licensee.

(f) Any tax imposed under the authority of this section shall be collected and administered by the Department of Taxes, in accordance with State law governing the cannabis excise and cannabis local option taxes imposed under chapter 207 of this title, and provided to the municipality in which they were collected on a quarterly basis after reduction for the costs of administration and collection. A tax imposed under this section shall be collected using a destination basis for taxation. A per-return fee of \$5.96 shall be assessed to compensate the Department for the costs of administration and collection, which shall be paid by the municipality. The fee shall be subject to the provisions of section 605 of this title.

(g) As used in this section, “municipality” means a city, town, or incorporated village.

(h) Nothing in this section shall affect the validity of any existing provision of law or municipal charter authorizing a municipality to impose a local option tax on anything not subject to the cannabis local option tax.

§ 7903. LIABILITY FOR TAXES

(a) Any tax collected in accordance with this chapter shall be deemed to be held by the retailer or integrated licensee in trust for the State of Vermont. Any tax collected under this

chapter shall be accounted for separately so as clearly to indicate the amount of tax collected and that the same are the property of the State of Vermont.

(b) Every retailer or integrated licensee required to collect and remit tax under this chapter to the Commissioner shall be personally and individually liable for the amount of such tax together with such interest and penalty as has accrued under the provisions of section 3202 of this title. If the retailer or integrated licensee is a corporation or other entity, the personal liability shall extend to any officer or agent of the corporation or entity who as an officer or agent of the same has the authority to collect and remit tax to the Commissioner of Taxes as required in this chapter.

(c) A retailer or integrated licensee shall have the same rights in collecting tax from his or her purchaser or regarding nonpayment of tax by the purchaser as if the tax or taxes were a part of the purchase price of cannabis or cannabis products and payable at the same time; provided, however, if the retailer or integrated licensee required to collect tax has failed to remit any portion of the tax or taxes to the Commissioner of Taxes, the Commissioner of Taxes shall be notified of any action or proceeding brought by the retailer or integrated licensee to collect tax and shall have the right to intervene in such action or proceeding.

(d) A retailer or integrated licensee required to collect tax may also refund or credit to the purchaser any tax erroneously, illegally, or unconstitutionally collected. No cause of action that may exist under State law shall accrue against the retailer or integrated licensee for tax collected unless the purchaser has provided written notice to a retailer or integrated licensee and the retailer or integrated licensee has had 60 days to respond.

§ 7904. RETURNS; RECORDS

(a) Any retailer or integrated licensee required to collect tax imposed by this chapter shall, on or before the 25th day of every month, return to the Department of Taxes, under oath of a person with legal authority to bind the retailer or integrated licensee, a statement containing its name and place of business, the total amount of sales subject to the cannabis excise tax and cannabis local option tax, if applicable, made in the preceding month, and any information required by the Department of Taxes, along with the total tax due. The Commissioner of Taxes may require that returns be submitted electronically and may prohibit the remittance in cash of taxes collected.

(b) Every retailer and integrated licensee shall maintain, for not less than three years, accurate records showing all transactions subject to tax liability under this chapter. The records are subject to inspection by the Department of Taxes at all reasonable times during normal business hours.

§ 7905. BUNDLED TRANSACTIONS

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, a retail sale of a bundled transaction that includes cannabis or a cannabis product is subject to the cannabis excise tax and cannabis local option tax, where applicable, imposed by this chapter on the entire selling price of the bundled transaction. If there is a conflict with the bundling transaction provisions applicable to another tax type, this section shall apply.

(b) If the selling price is attributable to products that are taxable and products that are not taxable under this chapter, the portion of the price attributable to the products that are nontaxable are subject to the tax imposed by this chapter unless the retailer or integrated licensee can identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the portion that is not subject to tax from its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business, and any discounts applied to the bundle must be attributed to the products that are nontaxable under this chapter.

(c) As used in this section, “bundled transaction” means:

(1) the retail sale of two or more products where the products are otherwise distinct and identifiable, are sold for one nonitemized price, and at least one of the products is or contains cannabis; or

(2) cannabis or a cannabis product that is provided free of charge with the required purchase of another product.

§ 7906. LICENSE

(a) Any retailer or integrated licensee required to collect tax imposed by this chapter must apply for and receive a cannabis retail tax license from the Commissioner for each place of business within the State where he or she sells cannabis or cannabis products prior to commencing business. The Commissioner shall issue without charge a license, or licenses, empowering the retailer or integrated licensee to collect the cannabis excise tax and cannabis local option tax, where applicable, provided that a retailer or integrated licensee’s application is properly submitted and the retailer or integrated licensee is otherwise in compliance with applicable laws, rules, and provisions.

(b) Each cannabis retail tax license shall state the place of business to which it is applicable and be prominently displayed in the place of business. The licenses shall be nonassignable and nontransferable and shall be surrendered to the Commissioner immediately upon the registrant ceasing to do business in the place named. A cannabis retail tax license shall be separate and in addition to any licenses required by sections 9271 (meals and rooms tax) and 9707 (sales and use tax) of this title.

(c) The Cannabis Control Board may require the Commissioner of Taxes to suspend or revoke the tax licenses issued under this section for any retailer or integrated licensee that fails to comply with 7 V.S.A. chapter 33 or any rules adopted by the Board.

§ 7907. ADMINISTRATION OF CANNABIS TAXES

(a) The Commissioner of Taxes shall administer and enforce this chapter and the tax. The Commissioner may adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 to carry out such administration and enforcement.

(b) To the extent not inconsistent with this chapter, the provisions for the assessment, collection, enforcement, and appeals of the sales and use tax in chapter 233 of this title shall apply to the taxes imposed by this chapter.

§ 7908. STATUTORY PURPOSES

(a) The statutory purpose of the exemptions for cannabis and cannabis products sold by any dispensary as authorized under 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 in subdivisions 7901(d)(2) and 7902(e)(2) of this title is to lower the cost of medical products in order to support the health and welfare of Vermont residents.

(b) The statutory purpose of the exemption for nonretail sales in 7901(d)(3) and 7902(e)(3) of this title is to avoid taxation when purchased cannabis or cannabis product is intended to be incorporated into a new cannabis product.

§ 7909. ADDITIONAL TAXES DO NOT APPLY

The cannabis excise tax and cannabis local option tax are the only taxes that apply to a retail sale of cannabis or cannabis product in this State.

Sec. 14a. 32 V.S.A. § 3102(d)(3) is amended to read:

(3) to any person who inquires, provided that the information is limited to whether a person is registered to collect Vermont income withholding, sales and use, ~~or~~ meals and rooms, or cannabis excise tax; whether a person is in good standing with respect to the payment of these taxes; whether a person is authorized to buy or sell property free of tax; or whether a person holds a valid license under chapter 205 or 239 of this title or 10 V.S.A. § 1942;

* * * Sales Tax Exemption * * *

Sec. 15. 32 V.S.A. § 9701(31) is amended to read:

(31) “Food and food ingredients” means substances, whether in liquid, concentrated, solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that are sold for ingestion or chewing by humans and are consumed for their taste or nutritional value. “Food and food ingredients” does not include alcoholic beverages, tobacco, cannabis and cannabis products as defined under 7 V.S.A. § 831, or soft drinks.

Sec. 16. 32 V.S.A. § 9741(53) is added to read:

(53) Cannabis and cannabis products as defined under 7 V.S.A. § 831.

* * * Tax Expenditure * * *

Sec. 17. 32 V.S.A. § 9706(mm) is added to read:

(mm) The statutory purpose of the exemption for cannabis and cannabis products as defined under 7 V.S.A. § 831 in subdivision 9741(53) of this title is to lower the cost of medical products sold by any dispensary as authorized under 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 in order to support the health and welfare of Vermont residents and avoid having both the sales tax and the cannabis excise and cannabis local option taxes apply to cannabis and cannabis products that are not sold as a medical product.

* * * Meals and Rooms Tax * * *

Sec. 17a. 32 V.S.A. § 9202(10) is amended to read:

(10) “Taxable meal” means:

* * *

(D) “Taxable meal” shall not include:

(i) Food or beverage, other than that taxable under subdivision (10)(C) of this section, that is a grocery-type item furnished for take-out: whole pies or cakes, loaves of bread; single-serving bakery items sold in quantities of three or more; delicatessen and nonprepackaged candy sales by weight or measure, except party platters; whole uncooked pizzas; pint or larger closed containers of ice cream or frozen confection; eight ounce or larger containers of salad dressings or sauces; maple syrup; quart or larger containers of cider or milk.

* * *

(iii) Cannabis or cannabis products as defined under 7 V.S.A. § 831.

Sec. 17b. 32 V.S.A. § 9201(n) is added to read:

(n) The statutory purpose for the exemption for cannabis and cannabis products as defined under 7 V.S.A. § 831 in subdivision 9202(10)(D)(iii) of this title is to avoid having both the meals and rooms tax and the cannabis excise tax apply to edible cannabis products.

* * * Income Tax Deduction * * *

Sec. 18. 32 V.S.A. § 5811 is amended to read:

§ 5811. DEFINITIONS

The following definitions shall apply throughout this chapter unless the context requires otherwise:

* * *

(18) “Vermont net income” means, for any taxable year and for any corporate taxpayer:

(A) the taxable income of the taxpayer for that taxable year under the laws of the United States, without regard to 26 U.S.C. § 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code, and excluding income which under the laws of the United States is exempt from taxation by the states:

* * *

(ii) decreased by:

(I) the “gross-up of dividends” required by the federal Internal Revenue Code to be taken into taxable income in connection with the taxpayer’s election of the foreign tax credit; ~~and~~

(II) the amount of income which results from the required reduction in salaries and wages expense for corporations claiming the Targeted Job or WIN credits; and

(III) any federal deduction that the taxpayer would have been allowed for the cultivation, testing, processing, or sale of cannabis or cannabis products as authorized under 7 V.S.A. chapter 33 or 18 V.S.A. chapter 86, but for 26 U.S.C. § 280E.

* * *

(21) “Taxable income” means, in the case of an individual, federal adjusted gross income determined without regard to 26 U.S.C. § 168(k) and:

* * *

(C) Decreased by the following exemptions and deductions:

* * *

(iii) an additional deduction of \$1,000.00 for each federal deduction under 26 U.S.C. § 63(f) that the taxpayer qualified for and received; ~~and~~

(iv) the dollar amounts of the personal exemption allowed under subdivision (i) of this subdivision (21)(C), the standard deduction allowed under subdivision (ii) of this subdivision (21)(C), and the additional deduction allowed under subdivision (iii) of this subdivision (21)(C)

shall be adjusted annually for inflation by the Commissioner of Taxes beginning with taxable year 2018 by using the Consumer Price Index and the same methodology as used for adjustments under 26 U.S.C. § 1(f)(3); provided, however, that as used in this subdivision, “consumer price index” means the last Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the U.S. Department of Labor; and

(v) any federal deduction that the taxpayer would have been allowed for the cultivation, testing, processing, or sale of cannabis or cannabis products as authorized under 7 V.S.A. chapter 33 or 18 V.S.A. chapter 86, but for 26 U.S.C. § 280E.

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* * * Substance Misuse Prevention Fund * * *

Sec. 18a. 18 V.S.A. chapter 94 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 94. ~~DIVISION OF ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE PROGRAMS~~ SUBSTANCE
USE DISORDER

* * *

§ 4810. SUBSTANCE MISUSE PREVENTION FUND

(a) The Substance Misuse Prevention Fund is established pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5 for the purpose of funding substance misuse prevention programming and for necessary costs incurred in administering the Fund. The Fund shall be administered by the Commissioner of Health or designee.

(b) The Fund shall consist of revenues derived from any funds that may be dedicated by the General Assembly.

(c) All balances remaining at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward and remain in the Fund.

(d) The Commissioner of Finance and Management may draw warrants for disbursements from this Fund in anticipation of receipts.

Sec. 18b. 18 V.S.A. § 4810 is amended to read:

§ 4810. SUBSTANCE MISUSE PREVENTION FUND

(a) The Substance Misuse Prevention Fund is established pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5 for the purpose of funding substance misuse prevention programming and for necessary costs incurred in administering the Fund. The Fund shall be administered by the Commissioner of Health or designee.

(b) The Fund shall consist of revenues derived from:

(1) 30 percent of the revenues raised by the cannabis excise tax imposed by 32 V.S.A. § 7901, but not more than \$6 million per fiscal year; and

(2) any other funds that may be dedicated by the General Assembly.

(c) All balances remaining at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward and remain in the Fund.

(d) The Commissioner of Finance and Management may draw warrants for disbursements from this Fund in anticipation of receipts.

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* * * Safety Belts * * *

Sec. 18l. 23 V.S.A. § 1259 is amended to read:

§ 1259. SAFETY BELTS; PERSONS ~~AGE~~ 18 YEARS OF AGE OR OVER

* * *

~~(e) This section may be enforced only if a law enforcement officer has detained the operator of a motor vehicle for another suspected traffic violation. An operator shall not be subject to the~~

~~penalty established in this section unless the operator is required to pay a penalty for the primary violation.~~ [Repealed.]

(f) The penalty for violation of this section shall be as follows:

- (1) ~~\$25.00~~ \$0.00 for a first violation;
- (2) ~~\$50.00~~ \$25.00 for a second violation;
- (3) \$50.00 for a third violation; and
- (4) \$100.00 for ~~third~~ fourth and subsequent violations.

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* * * Miscellaneous Cannabis Provisions * * *

Sec. 18n. 6 V.S.A. § 567 is amended to read:

§ 567. AGENCY OF AGRICULTURE, FOOD AND MARKETS; TESTING

(a) The Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall establish a cannabis quality control program for the following purposes:

- (1) to develop potency and contaminant testing protocols for hemp, ~~and~~ hemp-infused products, cannabis, and cannabis products as defined in 7 V.S.A. § 831;
- (2) to verify cannabinoid label guarantees of hemp, ~~and~~ hemp-infused products, cannabis, and cannabis products as defined in 7 V.S.A. § 831;
- (3) to test for pesticides, solvents, heavy metals, mycotoxins, and bacterial and fungal contaminants in hemp, ~~and~~ hemp-infused products, cannabis, and cannabis products as defined in 7 V.S.A. § 831; and
- (4) to certify testing laboratories that can offer the services in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this section.

(b) For purposes of this section, a laboratory operating under a dispensary registration pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 that offers the services in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection (a) of this section on July 1, 2019 shall be deemed certified by the Agency.

(c) The cost of a test of a product produced at a registered dispensary shall be paid by the Department of Public Safety.

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* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 22. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Secs. 18c (Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement training), 18j (drug recognition experts report), 18n (Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets; testing), 20 (cannabis dispensing), 20a (F.D.A.-approved drugs containing one or more cannabinoids), 20b (repeal of F.D.A.-approved drugs containing cannabidiol), and 21 (statutory revision authority) shall take effect on passage.

(b) Secs. 1 (Title 7 redesignation), 2 (cannabis chapter), 3 (implementation of the Cannabis Control Board), 4 (implementation of rulemaking by the Cannabis Control Board), 5 (Cannabis Control Board; fees), 6 (creation of Board positions), 6a (space allocation), 6b (appropriation), 7 (cannabis establishments chapter), 8 (implementation of licensing of cannabis establishments), 18a (Substance Misuse Prevention Fund), 18i (permissive inference), 18k (National Highway Traffic safety Administration-approved saliva testing device), and 19 (public place definition) shall take effect July 1, 2019.

(c) Secs. 14 (creation of excise and local option tax), 14a (tax license disclosure), 15 (sales tax exemption), 16 (tax exemption), 17 (tax expenditure), 17a (meals and rooms tax), 17b (meals and rooms tax expenditure), and 18 (income tax deduction), 18b (Substance Misuse Prevention

Fund), 18d (definition of evidentiary test), 18e (operating vehicle under the influence of alcohol or other substance), 18f (consent to taking of tests to determine blood alcohol content or presence of other drug), 18g (administration of tests), and 18h (independent testing of evidentiary sample) shall take effect January 1, 2021.

(d) Secs. 6c and 6d shall take effect on July 1, 2021.